

Co-funded by the Prevention of and Fight against Crime Programme of the European Union

COLLECT, ANALYSE, ORGANIZE, EVALUATE, SHARE – A RESPONSE TO CHALLENGES IN FORENSIC DRUGS ANALYSES

project objectives and activities



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PARTNERS

- Project was developed and will be implemented in close cooperation with <u>ENFSI WORKING GROUP DRUGS</u>
- Grant agreement number: JUST/2013/ISEC/DRUGS/AG/6413
 - Duration: from 5th January 2015 until 4th January 2017
 - ► Total project budget: 748.212,91 € (EU contribution: 90%, R Slovenia 10%)
- Coordinator:
 - Ministry of the Interior of the Republic Of Slovenia, Police NATIONAL FORENSIC LABORATORY, Slovenia
- Partners (co-beneficiaries):
 - Ministry of the Interior, National Forensic Institute (INPS), France
 - Hungarian Institute for Forensic Sciences (HIFS), Hungary
 - National Institute of Criminalistics and Criminology (INCC), Belgium
 - Institute for Forensic Medicine, Aarhus (UNI Aarhus), Denmark
 - University of Copenhagen, Faculty of Health (UNI CPHG), Department of Forensic Medicine, Denmark
 - Ministry of the Interior of the Republic of Croatia, Forensic Science Centre (MUP RH), Croatia
 - University of Ljubljana, Faculty of Chemistry and Chemical Technology (FKKT), Slovenia

Associate partners:

- European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMCDDA), Portugal
- Forensic Science Lab, Dublin (FSL), R Ireland
- Forensic Science and Toxicology Lab, State General Laboratory, Ministry of Health (FSTL), Cyprus
- Judiciary Police, Scientific Police Laboratory (SPL), Portugal
- National Investigation Service Norway (KRIPOS), Norway
- National Institute for Public Health (NIIZ), Slovenia
- <u>University of Ljubljana, Faculty of Medicine, Department of Toxicology (UNI LJ FM DT), Slovenia</u>
- Association DrogArt (DrogArt) NGO, Slovenia

Project impact

- Forensic information is the key factor for the:
 - Strategic
 - Operational
 - Evidential
 - Judicial purposes
- And influences the:
 - Drug supply reduction
 - Planning
 - Risk assessment activities
 - Coordination of activities at all EU levels and wider

Response project organization chart



WS 0: RESPONSE PROJECT MANGAMENT (team)

Project manager: dr. Klemenc (SI1)/ co-manager: dr. Gostič, (SI)/ financial manager: Melita Godeša (SI)

Steering committee (SC) - members by countries & EU agency: BE, DK1, DK2, FR, SI1, HR, HU and EMCDDA

WS 0: Management & combined activities

WS 0.0: Kick-off (Brussels)
WS 0.1 Kick-off (Ljubljana) core
project team
WS 0.3: optional meetings (up to

8 persons individually or together for unforeseen problems)

WS 0.6 and 0.7: project progress and final reports & financial report

WS 0.2: Management and dissemination/ BE, DK1, DK2, FR, SI1, HR, HU

3 x SC project coordination meetings combined with presentations of project progress and achievements at the ENFSI DWG conferences (2x) and EAFS meeting (1x)

WS 0.4: Dissemination of results related to WS2, WS3, WS4 / SI1

OOS-seminars (3x) for SI participants (law enforcement, judicial, EWS)

WS0.5: Dissemination and networking /SI1 Conference - ENFSI DWG network meeting in 2016 in SI

WS 1: STATE OF THE ART & PURCHASING

WS 1.1: SI1
Equipment
GC-MS; GC-MS-FTIR,
FTIR-ATR
(will be used for chemical
analyses –
characterizations in WS2

WS 1.2 to WS 1.3: SI1 NPS materials CRM-NPS and net-NPS

and WS3)

Screening the suppliers market for CRMs and internet market for net-NPS selection and purchasing.
Materials will be characterized in WS3 and obtained analytical data implemented in WS4.

WS 1.4: SI1/SI2/FR General consumables

FR: for tasks in WS2 SI1: for tasks in WS 2 and WS 3.1 SI2: for tasks in WS 3.2

WS 2: PROFILING methodology & competencies

WS 2.1 to WS 2.4: FR/SI Methodology development and implementation for SI 2.1 IT matters, 2.2 heroin methodology, 2.3 cocaine methodology, 2.4 ATS methodology

WS 2.5: FR/SI
Profiling methodology in SI
lab
final evaluation

WS 2.6: FR/SI/BE/DK1 Enhance understanding and profiling competencies in EU Fort. Workshops (2x)

WS 2.7: FR/SI/BE/DK1 Dissemination of other results (through the events listed in WS0)

WS 3: CHEMICAL CHARACTERISATIONS (NPS) SI/ SI2

WS 3.1: SI1

Chemical analyses of CRM and net -NPS and some samples collected by NGO (Different analytic methods)

WS 3.2: SI2

Chemical analyses (NMR) of net-NPS and some samples collected by NGO

WS 3.3: SI/SI2/HU/DK1/BE/ DK2/HR Data

(Spectra) evaluation – peer review and implementation in MS and FTIR databases (see WS4)

WS 3.4: SI1

Monograph (with all net-NPS characterisation data)

WS 3.5: SI1

Dissemination of analytical amounts of »net-NPS" to partners

WS 4: FTIR and MS databases HU//SI1/HR

WS 4.1: HU

FTIR database development

WS 4.2: HU/BE/SI1

Database testes and Guidelines for FTIR database

WS 4.3: HU/SI1

Import -FTIR spectra into database

WS 4.4: HU/DK1

Publish -FTIR databases (for download)

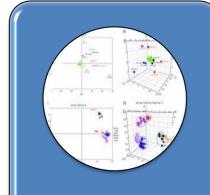
WS 4.5 to 4.6: SI1/HR/DK1/ DK2

Import - spectra into MS database and Publishing for download:



MAIN FORENSIC MODULES





Drugs profiling



NPS
identification –
chemical
characterisations



Data bases
PROFILING:
heroin, cocaine,
amphetamine

NPS: FTIR & MS







Friends Always Share



COLLECT, ANALYSE, ORGANIZE, EVALUATE, SHARE

P R O F I L I N

Main objectives & target beneficieries (profiling)



To enhance understanding of profiling concepts in ForL, through a mentor based know-how transfer and workshop assisted learning.





To support the implementation of pact against drug trafficking and cross border law enforcement cooperation's.



To increase the evidential value of the profiling findings.

(for operational, strategic or judicial purposes)

Main objectives & target beneficieries (NPS)





To provide **essential, reliable data** (NPS spectra) and **tools** (electronic databases) to forensic community. By internet purchasing of NPS the project will aim at implementing a proactive forensics respond to the NPS phenomena.



To strengthen NPS information exchange via EWS and EMCDDA or via police structure EUROPOL, ENFSI, other RELATED NETWORKS, PROJECTS and via public opened web tools.



To rise the awareness among drugs and NPS users in close cooperation by SI NGO organizations and EWS networks.



To enhance the analytical capacities and staff competencies in NFL.

Profiling – introduction

Comparison of chemical profiles for linking of samples (for operational, strategic

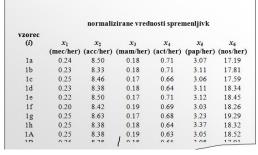
and judicial purposes).

different analytical methods can be applied... like HPLC, GC-FID,GC-MS, FTIR

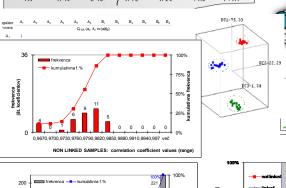
analytical methods can provide a huge amount of raw data in a short period of time

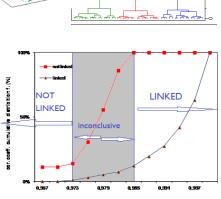
with the increased number of samples (each one characterized by many variables) some problems become more and more evident:

- how to convert raw analytical data into meaningful information (in real time)
- how to minimize the subjective factor of interpretation
- how to set up decision criteria



	No. of cross		
No of	comparisons		
samples (n)	$(n^2-n)/2$		
10	45		
20	190		
50	1225		





PROFILING (RESPONSE activities)



- Mentor based approach of GC-MS (liquid injection and static head-space technique) methods development on the expert exchange basis (NFL SI/ INPS Lyon/France)
 - Experimental design and validation of analytical method (heroin, cocaine and amphetamine profiling)
 - Measurements (many sets of linked and unlinked samples shall be analysed) to set up the decision thresholds
 - Data processing chemometric evaluations (comparisons of chromatograms):
 - pre-processing of data (raw chromatographic results) options: no pre-processing or use of normalization and/or scaling
 - choice of the appropriate metric /tool/ for the intended purpose of use
 - calculation of similarity (in NFL it will be expressed by correlation coefficient)
 - set up of the decision thresholds, i.e. criteria for reporting: linked or not linked samples or inconclusive findings
 - databases
- 2. Workshop assisted learning (2x) to rise the competencies and understanding of drugs profiling principles (how to evaluate multivariate data effectively (in real time) and on non-subjective basis) (workshops are mainly opened to ENFSI-DWG members- the task will be supported also by ENFSI-DWG.
- 3. One day one topic seminars 2x, for SI audience only (police, judicial)

NPS – introduction and some facts

vzorec 81 vzorec 84 vzorec 96/1 vzorec 97

NPS market expands rapidly. It is clear that some immediate actions and activities are needed.

- NPS are mainly detected in forensic and customs labs.
- ▶ The difficulty lies in identifying them.
- To identify new substance reference material (RM)or special techniques are needed
- RM are not available (in real time)
- Most of laboratories have to rely on comparison of their results to available MS and/or FTIR spectra in searchable electronic libraries (not updated in real time) or existing information exchange channels and/or open source data

Along recently issued EMCDDA update (March 2015):

101 new compounds were reported in EWS for the first time in 2014

(http://www.emcdda.europa.eu/p ublications/2015/newpsychoactive-substances)



New psychoactive substances in Europe

An update from the EU Early Warning System

New psychoactive substances – (RESPONSE activities)



Activity	Issue			
Collect/purchase NPS	Setting up a robust and efficient system for fast detection and collection of newly appearing compounds at the market.			
Analyses	Chemical characterizations - core analytical techniques necessary for NPS identification structure elucidation			
Evaluation	Validation procedures which guarantee scientifically valid results have been established at the first Kick of meeting.			
Organize data & information	Integration of all analytical data available for the substance in analytical reports and development of databases and tools for implementation of acquired IR and MS spectra in ENFSI DWG databases.			
Share	The main project objective is to share: - knowledge, information (& spectra) effectively through different communication platforms (as for example ENFSI, EMCDDA & EDND database, EUROPOL, other EU stakeholders, complementary EU projects and public opened information sources such as for example ChemSpider, RESPONSE project web, scientific conferences and literature) - "project's identification reference materials" among partner's laboratories and wider			

NPS characterizations (RESPONSE activities)



Several types of materials will be characterized.

Туре	Provider	Criteria	Analytical methods	
Reference materials	Different vendors	Compounds reported in 2014 and newer	GC-MS, FTIR-ATR, GC-MS-FTIR- (condensed phase)	
Seized samples	Police (SI), Customs (SI), p. partners, ENFSI - DWG, other networks and projects	Not yet reported within EWS (to EMCDDA-EDND) or reported recently	GC-MS, FTIR-ATR, GC-MS-FTIR- (condensed phase), HPLC-TOF, NMR	
Collected samples	NGO (SI), other	Not yet reported within EWS (to EMCDDA-EDND) or reported recently	GC-MS, FTIR-ATR, GC-MS-FTIR- (condensed phase), HPLC-TOF, NMR	
Test purchases (See the DK poster on the NPS searching strategy)	Internet shops	Not yet reported or reported recently (pro-active forensic approach)	GC-MS, FTIR-ATR, GC-MS-FTIR- (condensed phase), HPLC-TOF, NMR	

Databases (in close cooperation with ENFSI DWG)

FTIR (under development)

- Development of technically appropriate IR spectra database for new psychoactive substances
- Guidelines:
 - Technical requirements for spectra acquisition.
 - 'Influencing factors of identification of NPSs by IR library search'. (joint DWG & RESPONSE project document).
- Implementation of spectra acquired in the frame of project (and wider)
- FTIR database management (to implement (add/import) IR-spectra
- Four different formats of library

MS (existing)

• MS database management (to implement (add/import) all relevant MS-spectra acquired in NFL laboratory in the frame of the project .

Share spectral databases with EU ForL and ENFSI-DWG membership and other interested stakeholders (EMCDDA, SWGDRUG...)

MS and FTIR databases will be managed and updated with new entries in the frame of ENFSI DWG.

MAIN INTERNATIONAL EVENTS







 Response project Steering Committee kick off meeting, January 29-30, 2015, Ljubljana, Slovenia



activity closed • Kick of meeting project manager and financial manager, Brussels, February 10, 2015, BELGIUM



Now ©

 Response project Steering Committee meeting (s) combined with dissemination and networking activities, May 5-7, 2015, Dublin, IRELAND



Registr.

• Profiling workshop 2015 (15 trainees + some from non EU member states), June 15-17, 2015, Ljubljana, Slovenia (<u>registration closed</u>) ✓



schedulled

• Response project Steering Committee meeting combined with dissemination and networking activities at EAFS Prague, September 2015



schedulled

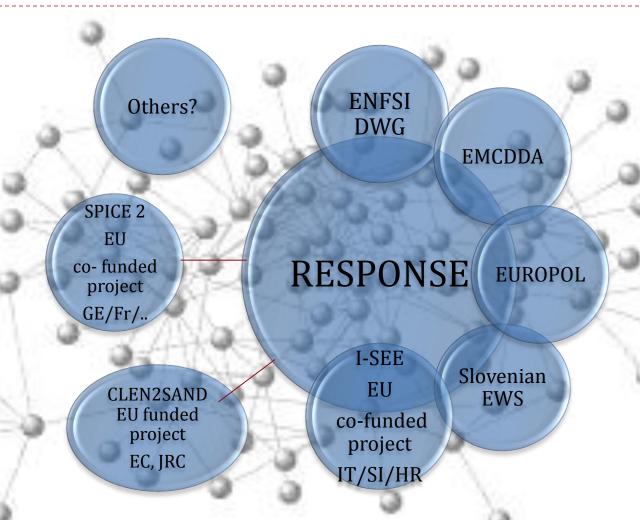
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 ENFSI DWG meeting 2016 (organization activities started) & RESPONSE SC final meeting combined by dissemination and networking activities, May 10th-12th, 2016, Slovenia



• Profiling workshop 2016 (15 trainees + some from non EU member states), dates yet to be defined, tentatively scheduled for June, Ljubljana, Slovenia

Networking



Some RESPONSE products ;-), so far

- Presentations
 - here
 - forthcoming (EAFS, 2015)
- Strategies (under developement): targeting and purchasing of upcoming NPS

"Identification reference materials" -first internet purchases, characterizations, reports shared with partners....



Some RESPONSE products ;-), so far



▶ Tools & guidelines:

small RESPONSE project FTIR library & draft guidelines...

RESPONSE_IR_Library_20150505_JDX	5.5.2015 6:06	Stisnjena mapa	597 KB
_RESPONSE_IR_Library_20150505_OMNIC	5.5.2015 6:08	Stisnjena mapa	214 KB
RESPONSE_IR_Library_20150505_OPUS	5.5.2015 6:10	Stisnjena mapa	176 KB
LESPONSE_IR_Library_20150505_PERKIN	5.5.2015 6:09	Stisnjena mapa	18 KB
FT-IR ATR_English	4.5.2015 18:38	Dokument progra	749 KB

New tools (slaves & partners) in NFL





Thank you for your attention!